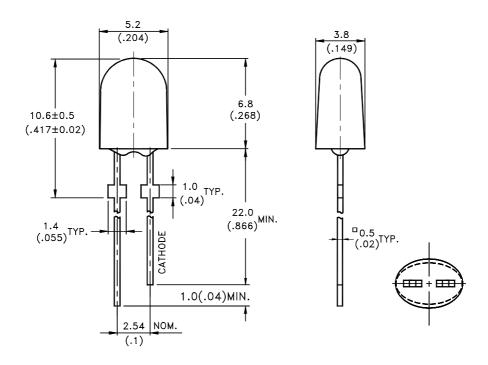


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### **Features**

- \* High Luminous intensity output.
- \* Low power consumption.
- \* High efficiency.
- \* Wide Viewing Angle Major Axis 100° / Minor Axis 40°
- \* Versatile mounting on P.C. board or panel.
- \* I.C. Compatible/low current requirements.

### **Package Dimensions**



Part No.	Lens	Source Color
LTL5H3SRKS	Water Clear	AlInGaP Red

#### Notes:

- 1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
- 2. Tolerance is  $\pm$  0.25mm(.010") unless otherwise noted.
- 3. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
- 4. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

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### Absolute Maximum Ratings at TA=25°C

Parameter	Maximum Rating	Unit	
Power Dissipation	130	mW	
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	100	mA	
Continuous Forward Current	50	mA	
Derating Linear From 50°C	0.6	mA/°C	
Reverse Voltage	5	V	
Operating Temperature Range	-40°C to + 100°C		
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to + 100°C		
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm(.063") From Body]	260°C for 5 Seconds		

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### Electrical / Optical Characteristics at TA=25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Test Condition
Luminous Intensity	Iv	400	880		mcd	I <sub>F</sub> = 20mA Note 1,5
Viewing Angle	2 \theta 1/2		100 / 40		deg	Note 2 (Fig.5)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λР		639		nm	Measurement @Peak (Fig.1)
Dominant Wavelength	λd		630		nm	Note 4
Spectral Line Half-Width	Δλ		17		nm	
Forward Voltage	VF		2.2	2.6	V	$I_F = 20 \text{mA}$
Reverse Current	IR			100	μΑ	$V_R = 5V$
Capacitance	С		40		pF	$V_F = 0$ , $f = 1MHz$

NOTE: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE eye-response curve.

- 2.  $\theta_{1/2}$  is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.
- 3. Iv classification code is marked on each packing bag.
- 4. The dominant wavelength,  $\lambda$  d is derived from the CIE chromaticity diagram and represents the single wavelength which defines the color of the device.
- 5. The Iv guarantee should be added  $\pm 15\%$ .

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### Typical Electrical / Optical Characteristics Curves

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

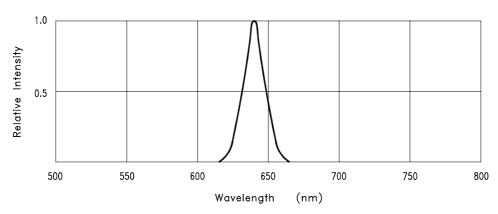
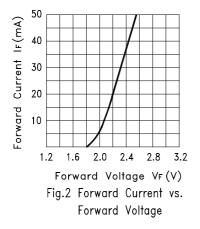


Fig.1 Relative Intensity vs. Wavelength



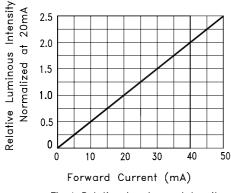
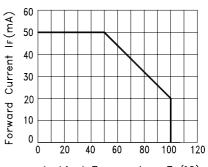


Fig.4 Relative Luminous Intensity vs. Forward Current



Ambient Temperature TA(°C) Fig.3 Forward Current Derating Curve

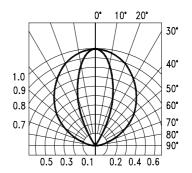


Fig.5 Spatial Distribution

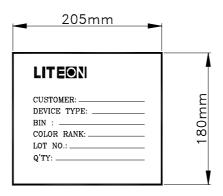
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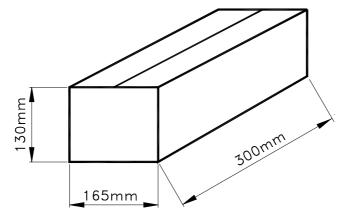
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## Packing Spec

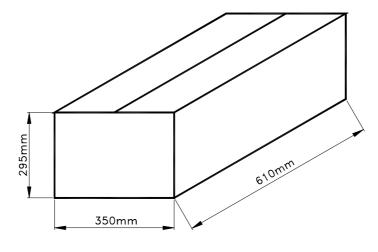
1000, 500 or 250 pcs per packing bag



8 packing bags per inner carton total 8000 pcs per inner carton



8 Inner cartons per outer carton total 64000 pcs per outer carton



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### **Bin Code List For Reference**

Luminous Intensity Unit: mcd @20mA				
Bin Code	Min.	Max.		
L	400	520		
M	520	680		
N	680	880		
P	880	1150		
Q	1150	1500		
R	1500	1900		

Dominant Wavelength Unit: nm @20mA				
Bin Code	Min.	Max.		
H029	621.0	625.0		
Н030	625.0	629.0		
H031	629.0	633.0		
H032	633.0	637.0		

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### **CAUTIONS**

### 1. Application limitation

The LEDs described here are intended to be used for ordinary electronic equipment (such as office equipment, communication equipment and household application.) Consult Liteon's sales in advance for information on application in which exceptional quality and reliability are required, particularly when the failure or malfunction of the LEDs may directly jeopardize life or health (such as airplanes, automobiles, traffic control equipment, life support system and safety devices).

### 2. Storage

After being shipped from Liteon the LEDs should be kept at 30°C or less and 70%RH or less. The LEDs should be used within 3 months. They can be stored for a year in a sealed container with a nitrogen atmosphere and moisture absorbent material. Please avoid rapid transitions in ambient temperature in high humidity environments where condensation may occur.

#### 3. Cleaning

Use alcohol-based cleaning solvents such as isopropyl alcohol to clean the LED.

### 4. Forming & Mounting

When forming a lead, the leads should be bent at a point at least 3mm from the base of epoxy bulb. Do not use the base of the leadframe as a fulcrum during forming. Lead forming must be done before soldering at normal temperature. When mounted through hole type LED lamp, avoid the occurrence of residual mechanical stress due to clinching as figure shown here.

### 5. Soldering

When soldering, leave a minimum of 2mm clearance from the resin to the soldering point.

Dipping the resin into the solder must be avoided.

Do not apply any stress to the lead frame during soldering while the LED is at high temperature.

Recommended soldering condition

Soldering iron		Wave soldering		
Temperature Soldering time	300°C Max. 3 sec. Max. (one time only)	Pre-heat Pre-heat time Solder wave Soldering time	100°C Max. 60 sec. Max. 260°C Max. 10 sec. Max.	

#### 6. Drive Method

LED is a current operated device, and therefore, requires some kind of current limiting incorporated into the drive circuit. This current limiting typically takes the form of a current limiter resistor placed in series with the LED. Consider worst case voltage variations that could occur across the current limiting resistor. The forward current should not be allowed to change by more than 40% of its desired value.



- (A) Recommended circuit.
- (B) The difference of brightness between LEDs could be found due to the Vf-If characteristics of LED

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### 7. ESD (Electrostatic Discharge)

Static Electricity or power surge will damage the LED. Use of a conductive wrist band or anti- electrostatic glove is recommended when handling these LED. All devices, equipment and machinery must be properly grounded.

### 8. Reliability Test

Classification	Test Item	Test Condition	<b>Duration / Cycle</b>
	Room Temp. Operation Life	If = 50mA DC, Ta= 25°C	1000 hrs
Endurance Test	High Temp. Operation Life	If = 30mA DC, Ta= 55°C	1000 hrs
	High Temperature High Humidity with Bias	If =15 mA,Ta=85°C,RH≥85%	1000 hrs
	High Temperature High Humidity with Reverse Bias	Ta=85°C,RH≥85%, VR = -5V	1000 hrs
Environmental Test	High Temperature Storage	Ta= 100°C	1000 hrs
	Low Temperature Storage	Ta= -55°C	1000 hrs
	Solder Resistance	Solder temperature is 260± 5 °C	10 sec
	Solderability	Solder temperature is 230± 5 °C	5 sec
	Thermal Shock	Ta= $(105^{\circ}\text{C} / 15\text{min} \sim -40^{\circ}\text{C} / 15\text{min})$ 10 seconds transfer time	500 cycles

### 9. Others

The appearance and specifications of the product may be modified for improvement without notice.

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