



NTE3085 Optoisolator Photon Coupled Bilateral Analog FET

Description:

The NTE3085 consists of a gallium-aluminum-arsenide IRED emitting diode coupled to a symmetrical bilateral silicon photo-detector. The detector is electrically isolated from the input and performs like an ideal isolated FET designed for distortion-free control of low AC and DC analog signals.

Features:

As A Remote Variable Resistor

- $\leq 100\Omega$ to $\geq 300M\Omega$
- ≤ 15pF Shunt Capacitance
- $\geq 100G\Omega$ I/O Isolation Resistance

As An Analog Signal Switch

- Extremely Low Offset Voltage
- 60V_{P-P} Signal Capability
- No Charge Injection or Latch-up
- t_{on}, t_{off} ≤ 15μs

Applications:

As A Remote Variable Resistor

- Isolated Variable Attenuator
- Automatic Gain Control
- Active Filter Fine Tuning/Band Switching

As An Analog Signal Switch

- Isolated Sample and Hold Circuit
- Multiplexed, Optically Isolated A/D Conversion

<u>Absolute Maximum Ratings:</u> $(T_A = +25^{\circ}C, \text{ Note 1 unless otherwise specified})$ Infrared Emitting Diode

Forward Current, I _F	
Continuous	
Peak (10 μ s pulse, 1% duty cycle)	1A
Power Dissipation (T _A = +25°C), P _D	100mW
Reverse Voltage, V _R	5V
Photo Detector	
Power Dissipation (T _A = +25°C), P _D	300mW
Derate Above 25°C	4.0mW/°C
Breakdown Voltage, V _{(BR)4-6}	±30V
Continuous Detector Current (either polarity, I ₄₋₆	
Total Device	
Storage Temperature Range, T _{stq} –	-40° to +150°C
Operating Temperature Range, Topr	
Lead Temperature (During Soldering, for 10sec max.), T _L	+260°C

Note 1. Stresses exceeding the "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may damage the device. The device may not function or be operated above the recommended operation conditions and stressing the parts to these levels is not recommended. In addition, extended exposure to stresses above the recommended operation conditions may affect device reliability. The "Absolute Maximum Ratings" are stress ratings only.

Electrical Characteristics: (T_A = +25°C, Note 2 unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Infrared Emitting Diode	•		•	•	•	
Input Forward Voltage	V _F	I _F = 16mA	_	1.3	1.75	V
Reverse Leakage Current	I _R	V _R = 6V	_	_	10	μΑ
Capacitance	CJ	V = 0, f = 1MHz	_	50	_	pF
Photo-Detector (Either Polarity)						
Breakdown Voltage	V _{(BR)4-6}	$I_{4-6} = 10\mu A, I_F = 0$	30	_	_	V
Off-State Dark Current	I ₄₋₆	$V_{4-6} = 15V, I_F = 0$	_	_	50	nA
		$V_{4-6} = 15V$, $I_F = 0$, $T_A = +100$ °C	_	_	50	μΑ
Off-State Resistance	R ₄₋₆	$V_{4-6} = 15V, I_F = 0$	300	_	_	MΩ
Capacitance	C ₄₋₆	$V_{4-6} = 0, I_F = 0, f = 1MHz$	_	_	15	pF
Coupled Electrical Characteristic	S					
On-State Resistance	R ₄₋₆	I _F = 16mA, I ₄₋₆ = 100μA	_	_	200	W
	R ₆₋₄	$I_F = 16\text{mA}, I_{6-4} = 100\mu\text{A}$	_	_	200	Ω
Resistance, Non-Linearity and Asymmetry		$I_F = 16\text{mA}, I_{4-6} = 25\mu A_{RMS},$ f = 1kHz	-	2	_	%
Turn-On Time	t _{on}	$I_F = 16\text{mA}, R_L = 50\Omega, V_{4-6} = 5V$	_	_	25	μs
Turn-Off Time	t _{off}		_	_	25	μs
Isolation Voltage	V _{ISO}	f = 60Hz, f = 1sec	7500	_	_	V _{AC} PEAK
Isolation Resistance	R _{ISO}	V _{I-O} = 500VDC	10 ¹¹	_	_	Ω
Isolation Capacitance	C _{ISO}	f = 1MHz	_	0.2	_	pF

Note 2. All Typical values at $T_A = +25$ °C.

