nanoPower Pushbutton On/Off Controller and Battery Freshness Seal

General Description

The MAX16150 is an extremely low-power, pushbutton, on/off controller with a switch debouncer and built-in latch. This device accepts a noisy input from a mechanical switch and produces a clean, latched output, as well as a one-shot interrupt output, in response to a switch closure exceeding the debounce period at PB_IN. A switch closure longer than shutdown period at PB_IN results in a longer one-shot interrupt output. The MAX16150 family has two set of devices, one in which a longer switch closure greater than the shutdown period deasserts the latched output, and another in which the latched output stays asserted. See <u>Table 1</u> for more information.

The MAX16150 operates from a supply range of +1.3V to +5.5V and consumes less than 20nA of supply current to ensure minimal battery drain in low-power applications, as well as to allow use as a battery "freshness seal". The robust switch input ($\overline{PB_IN}$) accepts up to ±60V levels and is ±15kV ESD-protected for use in harsh environments. The latched output can serve as a logic signal to control a regulator, or it can serve as a switch to connect the load directly to the power supply when load current is low, providing 20mA of output current with less than 100mV voltage drop. A separate \overline{INT} output provides a system interrupt whenever a valid pushbutton signal is detected. An asynchronous CLR input allows an external signal to force the latched output to the off state.

The MAX16150 operates over the -40°C to +125°C temperature range and is available in a 1mm x 1.5mm, 6-bump wafer-level package (WLP) and a 6-pin, thin SOT23 package.

Applications

- Portable Instruments
- Handheld Consumer Electronics
- Industrial Equipment
- Disposable Low-Power Electronics

Benefits and Features

- Low Power
 - 20nA (max) Standby Current (ISB)
- Debounces Noisy Switches
 - 50ms and 2s Debounce Timing Options
 - 8s and 16s Shutdown Timing Periods
- Latched Output Supplies 20mA Load Current with Less Than 100mV Drop
- One-Shot INT Output on Each Switch Closure
- 8ms, 32ms, 64ms, and 128ms INT Timing Options
- Pushbutton Input Handles up to ±60V
- ±15kV HBM ESD Protection
- 6-pin SOT23 and 1mm x 1.5mm, 6-bump WLP

Ordering Information appears at end of data sheet.



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Typical Application Circuit



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Absolute Maximum Ratings

V _{CC} to GND	
PB_IN to GND	
CLR, INT, OUT to GND	0.3V to +6V
Continuous Power Dissipation (Mu	ultilayer Board)
6 SOT23 ($T_A = +70^{\circ}C$,	derate 8.70mW/°C above
+70°C)	

WLP (T _A = +70°C, derate 10.50mW/°	C above +70°C).840mW
Operating Temperature Range	40°C to +125°C
Junction Temperature	+150°C
Storage Temperature Range	40°C to +150°C
Soldering Temperature (reflow)	+260°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Package Information

6 SOT23

Package Code	U6+1		
Outline Number	<u>21-0058</u>		
Land Pattern Number	<u>90-0175</u>		
Thermal Resistance, Single Layer Board:			
Junction to Ambient (θ_{JA}) N/A			
Junction to Case (θ_{JC})	80°C/W		
Thermal Resistance, Four Layer Board:			
Junction to Ambient (θ _{JA}) 115°C/W			
Junction to Case (θ_{JC}) 80°C/W			

6 WLP

Package Code	W60C1+2		
Outline Number	<u>21-100258</u>		
Land Pattern Number	Refer to Application Note 1891		
Thermal Resistance, Four-Layer Board:			
Junction to Ambient (θ _{JA})	95.15°C/W		
Junction to Case (θ_{JC})	N/A		

For the latest package outline information and land patterns (footprints), go to <u>www.maximintegrated.com/packages</u>. Note that a "+", "#", or "-" in the package code indicates RoHS status only. Package drawings may show a different suffix character, but the drawing pertains to the package regardless of RoHS status.

Package thermal resistances were obtained using the method described in JEDEC specification JESD51-7, using a four-layer board. For detailed information on package thermal considerations, refer to <u>www.maximintegrated.com/</u> <u>thermal-tutorial</u>.

Electrical Characteristics

 $(V_{CC} = V_{MIN} \text{ to } V_{MAX}, T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}$, Limits over the operating temperature range and relevant supply voltage range are guaranteed by production and/or characterization. Typical values are at $T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$ and $V_{CC} = +3.3\text{V}$)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Operating Voltage Range	V _{CC}		1.3		5.5	V

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Electrical Characteristics (continued)

 $(V_{CC} = V_{MIN} \text{ to } V_{MAX}, T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}$, Limits over the operating temperature range and relevant supply voltage range are guaranteed by production and/or characterization. Typical values are at $T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$ and $V_{CC} = +3.3\text{V}$)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONE	DITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
		V _{CC} = 5V, OUT not connected40°C ≤	asserted, <mark>PB_IN</mark> not T _A ≤ +70°C			20	- 0	
Power Supply Current	I _{SB}	$V_{CC} = 5V$, OUT not asserted, $\overline{PB_{IN}}$ not connected40°C $\leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}C$			10	40	nA	
	ICC	During PB_IN detection	ction or INT assertion		15	30	μA	
	I _{SB_UVLO}	V _{CC} < 1.3V <u>, I_{OUT}</u> = 0, PB_IN not connected, CLR not asserted			2	5	uA	
Timing Accuracy		Deviation from nomi debounce time (t _{DB} and interrupt time (t), shutoff time (t _{SO}),	-20	±5	+20	%	
Input High Voltage	VIH	CLR and PB_IN	$V_{CC} = 2.7V \text{ to } 5.5V$ $V_{CC} = 1.3V \text{ to } 2.7V$	70 80			%V _{CC}	
Input Low Voltage	VIL	CLR and PB_IN				30	%V _{CC}	
Minimum Input High Time Detected	; <u>_</u>	PB_IN			600		μs	
PB_IN Hysteresis					100		mV	
PB_IN Pullup Resistance		$0 < V_{\overline{PB}IN} < V_{CC}$		1200	1400	2000	kΩ	
PB_IN Input Current	I _{IN}	$V_{\overline{PB}_{IN}} = \pm 60V$	V _{PB IN} = ±60V			+170	μA	
		Continuous; $0V \le V_{CC} \le 5.0V$		-60		+60	V	
PB_IN Voltage Range			Transient; $0V \le V_{CC} \le 5.5V$			+60	v	
CLR Input Current	I _{CLR}			-10	±1	+10	nA	
CLR Falling Edge to OUT Low Propagation Delay	t _{CO}	R _L = 10kΩ, C _L = 100pF			200		ns	
CLR Lockout Time		Period following rising edge of OUT during which transitions on CLR are ignored		1.6 x t _{INT}	2 x t _{INT}	2.4 x t _{INT}	ms	
	V _{OL}	V _{CC} = 3.3V, I _{SINK} =	: 1.6mA			0.4		
	VOL	V _{CC} = 1.3V, I _{SINK} = 200µA				0.2		
OUT Output Voltage		V _{CC} = 3.3V, I _{SOUR}	_{CE} = 20mA	V _{CC} - 0.1			V	
	V _{OH}	V _{CC} = 2.0V, I _{OUT} =	= 2mA	V _{CC} - 0.02			v	
		V _{CC} = 1.3V, I _{SOURC}	_{CE} = 500uA	V _{CC} - 0.02				
	Max	V _{CC} = 3.3V, I _{SINK} = 1mA				0.2	V	
INT Output Voltage	V _{OL_INT}	V _{CC} = 1.3V, I _{SINK} =	200µA			0.2	V	
INT Leakage Current				-10	±1	+10	nA	
Interrupt Pulse Duration	tisir	Beginning at t _{DB}		25.6	32	38.4	38.4	
interrupt Fuise Duration	tint	Beginning at the end	d of t _{SO}	102.4	128	153.6	ms	

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Electrical Characteristics (continued)

 $(V_{CC} = V_{MIN} \text{ to } V_{MAX}, T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}$, Limits over the operating temperature range and relevant supply voltage range are guaranteed by production and/or characterization. Typical values are at $T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$ and $V_{CC} = +3.3\text{V}$)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
PB_IN ESD Protection		Human Body Model		±15		kV

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Typical Operating Characteristics

(V_{CC} = +3.3V, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)





toc05

5 5.5 DEBOUNCE TIME

vs. TEMPERATURE







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Pin Configurations

6 SOT23



6 WLP



Pin Description

P	IN	NAME	FUNCTION
6 SOT23	6 WLP		FUNCTION
1	A3	PB_IN	Pushbutton Input. $\overline{PB_IN}$ is internally pulled up to V_{CC} . Holding $\overline{PB_IN}$ low for a period greater than the debounce time (t_{DB}) forces OUT to latch high and generates a one-shot pulse at \overline{INT} . For the MAX16150, a $\overline{PB_IN}$ switch closure longer than the shutdown period results in a longer one-shot pulse at INT. The MAX16150A deasserts the latched output when the switch closure period exceeds the shutdown period, while the MAX16150B/MAX16150C do not deassert the latched output.
2	A2	GND	Ground
3	A1	V _{CC}	Power Supply Input. Bypass with a 0.1µF capacitor to ground.

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Pin Description (continued)

P	IN	NAME	FUNCTION
6 SOT23	6 WLP	NAME	FUNCTION
4	B1	OUT	Active-High, Push-Pull Latched Output. OUT is connected to V_{CC} when high.
5	B2	ĪNT	$ \begin{array}{l} \hline Active-Low, \mbox{ Open-Drain Interrupt/Reset Output. } \overline{INT} \mbox{ is a one-shot output pulse.} \\ \hline INT \mbox{ asserts for the interrupt timeout period when } \overline{PB}_IN \mbox{ is held low for a period greater than the debounce time (t_{DB}). } \overline{INT} \mbox{ is high-impedance when deasserted, even when pulled above V}_{CC}. \end{array} $
6	В3	CLR	Clear Input. Pulling $\overline{\text{CLR}}$ low deasserts the latched OUT signal. If OUT is already deasserted when $\overline{\text{CLR}}$ is pulled low, the state of OUT is unchanged.

Block Diagram



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Detailed Description

The MAX16150 is a pushbutton on/off controller with a switch debouncer and latched output for controlling system power. A switch closure that pulls $\overline{PB_IN}$ low and is stable for a period greater than or equal to the debounce time (t_{DB}) causes OUT to assert high. Driving \overline{CLR} low causes OUT to deassert. The MAX16150 family has two sets of devices: one in which a longer switch closure greater than the shutdown period deasserts the latched output, and another in which the latched output stays asserted. Each debounced switch closure also initiates a one-shot INT output. See <u>Table 1</u> for details on the values of t_{DB} , t_{SO} , and other timing intervals.

Table 1. MAX16150 Input Timing Characteristics

VERSION*	DEBOUNCE TIME (t _{DB})	SHUTDOWN PERIOD (t _{SO})	INTERRUPT PERIOD (SWITCH CLOSURE > t _{DB})	INTERRUPT PERIOD (SWITCH CLOSURE > t _{SO})	SWITCH CLOSURE > t _{SO}
MAX16150A	50ms	8s	32ms	128ms	OUT deasserts
MAX16150B	2s	16s	32ms	128ms	OUT stays asserted
MAX16150C	50ms	16s	32ms	128ms	OUT stays asserted

*Versions with different combinations of timing parameters are available. Contact factory for availability.

Operation

The MAX16150 operates from supply voltages between +1.3V and +5.5V, consuming less than 20nA of supply current when OUT is in the deasserted state and PB_IN is unconnected. Whenever OUT is deasserted, the state of \overline{CLR} is ignored. After asserting OUT, \overline{CLR} continues to be ignored for a period of 2x the INT period. For low-power applications (up to about 20mA output current), OUT can drive the load directly with minimal voltage drop. Each debounced switch closure causes INT to assert. A switch closure longer than t_{SO} results in INT asserting for a period that is 4x longer than the nominal INT period. This longer INT can be used to signal the system to perform a specific function, or to initiate a shutdown process. Closing the switch for a time longer than this extended INT period will not cause INT to be reasserted or the INT period to be extended.

The MAX16150 family has two sets of devices: one in which a longer switch closure greater than the shutdown period deasserts the latched output, and another in which the latched output stays asserted. A PB_IN switch closure longer than the shutdown period results in a longer one-shot pulse at INT.

Note that, when V_{CC} is first applied (for example, when the battery is initially installed), use either the $\overline{PB_{IN}}$ or \overline{CLR} input to set OUT to its initial state.

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Figure 1. MAX16150 Timing Diagram with Long Pushbutton (tSO) Causes Out to Deassert

Very brief high periods (less than approximately 600μ s) at PB_IN are ignored so that fast switch bounces do not interrupt the debounce logic, while valid short presses and releases cause the debouncer to reset. Figure 1 shows the timing diagram of the MAX16150A. A switch closure of a duration greater than t_{DB} causes OUT to assert. A switch closure of a duration greater than t_{SO} causes OUT to deassert and an extended interrupt at INT. Typically, INT and CLR are pulled up either to OUT or to a regulated voltage controlled by OUT as depicted in Figure 1. As such, INT and CLR are pulled low while OUT is deasserted. If pulled up to a constant supply voltage, INT and CLR will behave as shown by the horizontal dashed lines while OUT is deasserted.



Figure 2. MAX16150 Timing Diagram with Long Pushbutton (tSO) Keeps OUT Asserted

Figure 2 shows the timing diagram for the MAX16150B/MAX15150C. A switch closure of a duration greater than t_{DB}

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causes OUT to assert. A switch closure of a duration greater than t_{SO} does not cause OUT to deassert, but it causes an extended interrupt. Typically, \overline{INT} and \overline{CLR} are pulled up either to OUT or to a regulated voltage controlled by OUT as depicted in Figure 2. As such, \overline{INT} and \overline{CLR} are pulled low while OUT is deasserted. If pulled up to a constant supply voltage, \overline{INT} and \overline{CLR} will behave as shown by the horizontal dashed lines while OUT is deasserted.

Robust Switch Input

The switch input (PB_IN) has overvoltage clamping diodes to protect against damaging fault conditions. Switch input voltages can safely swing ±60V relative to ground.

±15kV ESD Protection

ESD-protection structures are incorporated on all pins to protect against electrostatic discharges encountered during handling and assembly. The MAX16150 has extra protection against static electricity to protect against ESD of ±15kV at the switch input without damage. The ESD structures withstand high ESD in all states: normal operation, shutdown, and powered down. A design advantage of these devices is that they continue working without latchup after an ESD event, which eliminates the need to power-cycle the device. ESD protection can be tested in various ways; this product is characterized for protection to ±15kV using the Human Body Model.

Human Body Model

<u>Figure 3</u> shows the Human Body Model, while <u>Figure 4</u> shows the current waveform it generates when discharged into a low-impedance. This model consists of a 100pF capacitor charged to the ESD voltage of interest, which is then discharged into the test device through a $1.5k\Omega$ resistor.



Figure 3. Human Body ESD Test Model

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Figure 4. Human Body Current Waveform

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Applications Information

Powering the Load

OUT is capable of driving light loads. When the supply current of circuitry is less than about 20mA, the voltage drop from V_{CC} to OUT is less than 100mV. The <u>Typical Application Circuit</u>, located at the beginning of this document, shows OUT providing power directly to the load.

Some systems require higher power supply current than the output of the MAX16150 can provide. For those cases, OUT can be used as an enable signal for the voltage regulator powering the system. This <u>Typical Application Circuit</u> shows an LDO providing power to the load. The LDO's enable input is driven by OUT. A debounced pushbutton at PB_IN of the MAX16150 causes OUT to assert high, thereby enabling the LDO.

Typical Application Circuit



Ordering Information

PART NUMBER	TEMP RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX16150AWT+T	-40°C to +125°C	6 WLP
MAX16150AUT+T	-40°C to +125°C	6 SOT23
MAX16150BWT+T	-40°C to +125°C	6 WLP
MAX16150BUT+T	-40°C to +125°C	6 SOT23
MAX16150CWT+T	-40°C to +125°C	6 WLP

+ Denotes a lead(Pb)-free/RoHS-compliant package.

T = Tape-and-reel.

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Revision History

REVISION NUMBER	REVISION DATE	DESCRIPTION	PAGES CHANGED
0	1/19	Initial release	—
1	9/19	Updated Ordering Information	12
2	2/20	Updated Ordering Information	12
3	5/20	Updated <i>Benefits and Features</i> , <i>Typical Application Circuit</i> , <i>Electrical Characteristics</i> table, <i>Pin Configurations</i> , PB_IN Pin Description, <i>Block Diagram</i> , Table 1 note, Figure 1, and Figure 2	1, 2, 4, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11
4	1/21	Added MAX16150C, updated Ordering Information	8, 9, 10, 13

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