# **CND0333A**

## Infrared Optical Module (IrDA)

Infrared data link for cellular phones, peripheral devices

#### ■ Features

- Compliant with IrDA Ver.1.4
- Light emitting function for remote controller
- Corresponding low I/O (interface) voltage: 1.5 V
- Corresponding reflow solder (260°C)
- Ultra-small top view package (1.5 mm  $\times$  8.2 mm  $\times$  1.7 mm)

### ■ Type

• GaAlAs LED + IC + PIN Photodiode

### ■ Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_a = 25$ °C±3°C

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Operating supply voltage	$V_{CC}$	-0.5 to $+3.8$	V
LED operating supply voltage	$V_{LEDA}$	-0.5 to +7.0	V
Input/output supply voltage	V <sub>IO</sub>	-0.5 to +3.8	V
TX Input voltage	V <sub>TX</sub>	-0.5 to +3.8	V
Shutdown input voltage	$V_{SD}$	-0.5 to +3.8	V
LED operating supply current *	$I_{LEDA}$	300	mA
Operating ambient temperature	T <sub>opr</sub>	-20 to +70	°C
Storage temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	-30 to +85	°C

Note) \*:  $tw \le 90 \mu s$ ,  $Duty \le 25 \%$ 

### ■ Operation Condition

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Operating supply voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>		2.5	2.85	3.3	V
LED operating supply voltage	V <sub>LEDA</sub>		3.0		4.5	V
Input/output supply voltage	V <sub>IO</sub>		1.5	1.85	V <sub>CC</sub>	V

## $\blacksquare \textbf{ Electrical-Optical Characteristics} \quad V_{LEDA} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 4.5 \text{ V, } V_{CC} = 2.85 \text{ V, } V_{IO} = 1.85 \text{ V, } T_a = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 3 ^{\circ}\text{C}$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Shut down supply current *Fig. 1	I <sub>CCSD</sub>	$V_{TXD} = 0.5 \text{ V},$ $V_{IO} \ge V_{SD} \ge V_{IO} - 0.5 \text{ V (SD = High)}$	_	0.01	0.2	μΑ
High level supply current (Idle) *Fig. 1	I <sub>CCH</sub>	(FIR mode / RC mode) $E_I = 0 \text{ mW/cm}^2$ , $V_{TXD} = 0.5 \text{ V}$ , $V_{SD} \le 0.5 \text{ V}$	_	580	800	μΑ
		(SIR mode) $E_I = 0 \text{ mW/cm}^2, V_{TXD} = 0.5 \text{ V}, V_{SD} \le 0.5 \text{ V}$	_	300	400	
Low level supply current (Active) *Fig. 1	I <sub>CCL</sub>	(FIR mode / RC mode) $E_I = 9.0 \text{ mW/cm}^2, V_{TXD} = 0.5 \text{ V}, V_{SD} \le 0.5 \text{ V}$	_	980	1270	μА
		(SIR mode) $E_I = 9.0 \text{ mW/cm}^2, V_{TXD} = 0.5 \text{ V}, V_{SD} \le 0.5 \text{ V}$	_	350	460	
TX High level supply current (Active) *Fig. 1	I <sub>CCTXH</sub>	$\begin{aligned} & \text{(FIR mode / RC mode)} \\ & V_{IO} \geq V_{TXD} \geq V_{IO} - 0.5 \text{ V (TXD = High)} \\ & E_{I} = 0 \text{ mW/cm}^{2}, V_{SD} \leq 0.5 \text{ V} \end{aligned}$	_	1200	1560	μА
		$(SIR mode) \\ V_{IO} \ge V_{TXD} \ge V_{IO} - 0.5 \text{ V (TXD} = \text{High)} \\ E_I = 0 \text{ mW/cm}^2, V_{SD} \le 0.5 \text{ V}$	_	600	780	
High level input/output supply current (Idle) *Fig. 1	$I_{IOH}$	$   (FIR mode / RC mode) $ $E_I = 0 mW/cm^2, V_{TXD} = 0.5 V, V_{SD} \le 0.5 V $	0	0	5	μА
		(SIR mode) $E_I = 0 \text{ mW/cm}^2, V_{TXD} = 0.5 \text{ V}, V_{SD} \le 0.5 \text{ V}$	0	0	5	
Low level input/output supply current (Active) *Fig. 1	$I_{IOL}$	(FIR mode / RC mode) $E_I = 9.0 \text{ mW/cm}^2, V_{TXD} = 0.5 \text{ V}, V_{SD} \le 0.5 \text{ V}$	_	360	470	μА
		(SIR mode) $E_I = 9.0 \text{ mW/cm}^2, V_{TXD} = 0.5 \text{ V}, V_{SD} \le 0.5 \text{ V}$	_	100	130	
TX High level input/output supply current (Active) *Fig. 1	I <sub>IOTXH</sub>	(FIR mode / RC mode) $V_{IO} \ge V_{TXD} \ge V_{IO} - 0.5 \text{ V (TXD = High)}$ $E_I = 0 \text{ mW/cm}^2, V_{SD} \le 0.5 \text{ V}$	_	80	120	μА
		(SIR mode) $V_{IO} \ge V_{TXD} \ge V_{IO} - 0.5 \text{ V (TXD} = \text{High)}$ $E_I = 0 \text{ mW/cm}^2, V_{SD} \le 0.5 \text{ V}$	_	40	60	
SD High level input voltage	V <sub>IHSD</sub>		$V_{IO}-0.5$	_	V <sub>IO</sub> +0.3	V
SD Low level input voltage	V <sub>ILSD</sub>		0 - 0.3	_	0.5	V
Maximum reception distance *Fig. 1, 4	L <sub>max</sub>	$\begin{split} &V_{SD} \leq 0.5 \text{ V} \\ &\theta_T = 0^{\circ} \pm 15^{\circ} \\ &\text{LEDie} = 3.6 \text{ mW/sr (SIR mode)} \\ &\text{LEDie} = 9 \text{ mW/sr (FIR mode)} \end{split}$	21.8	_	_	cm
RC maximum reception distance *Fig. 1	$L_{maxR}$	$V_{LEDA}$ = 3.0 V, $V_{SD}$ ≤ 0.5 V $\theta_T$ = 0° ± 15°, RC Receiver sensitivity *2 = 0.05 μW/cm <sup>2</sup>	5.0	_	_	m
Data Rates *1	_		0.0096		4.0	Mbps

Note) \*1: Fully Compliant to IrDA1.4 Low Power Specification from 9.6 kbps to 115.2 kbps, 4 Mbps.

RC receiver sensitivity is adjusted so that RC transfer distance is 4 m at transmitter LED radiant intensity= 8 mW/sr, peak wave length = 940 nm and duty = 50 %, where irradiance is 0.05  $\mu$ W/cm<sup>2</sup>.

<sup>\*2:</sup> Definition of RC receiver sensitivity

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## $\blacksquare \text{ Electrical-Optical Characteristics (continued)} \quad V_{LEDA} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 4.5 \text{ V}, V_{CC} = 2.85 \text{ V}, V_{IO} = 1.85 \text{ V}, T_a = 25^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 3^{\circ}\text{C}$

Parameter		Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Transmitter							
Peak emission wavelength *Fig. 1		$\lambda_{ m P}$	(FIR mode / RC mode) $V_{LEDA} = 3.2 \text{ V}, V_{SD} \le 0.5 \text{ V}, \text{Duty} 1/4$	880	890	900	- nm
			(SIR mode) $V_{LEDA} = 3.2 \text{ V}, V_{SD} \le 0.5 \text{ V}, \text{Duty3/16}$	875	885	900	
LED operating supply current *Fig. 1		$I_{LEDA}$	(FIR Mode/RC Mode) $V_{LEDA} = 4.3 \text{ V}, VSD \le 0.5 \text{ V}, Duty 1/4$	165	207	248	mA
			(FIR Mode/RC Mode) $V_{LEDA} = 3.0 \text{ V, VSD} \le 0.5 \text{ V, Duty} 1/4$	160	200	240	
			(SIR Mode) $V_{LEDA} = 4.3 \text{ V}, V_{SD} \le 0.5 \text{ V}, \text{Duty3/16}$	70	91	109	
			(SIR Mode) $V_{LEDA} = 3.0 \text{ V}, V_{SD} \le 0.5 \text{ V}, \text{Duty3/16}$	69	90	108	
	$\theta_{\rm T} = 0 * {\rm Fig. 1, 2}$	ī	(FIR Mode/RC Mode) $V_{LEDA} = 3.0 \text{ V}, VSD \le 0.5 \text{ V}, Duty 1/4$	27	55	83	mW/sr mW/sr
Center radiant		I <sub>e</sub>	(SIR Mode) $V_{LEDA} = 3.0 \text{ V}, V_{SD} \le 0.5 \text{ V}, \text{Duty3/16}$	13	27	40	
intensity *3	$\theta_{\rm T} = \pm 15  * {\rm Fig.}  1, 2, 10$	I <sub>e15</sub>	(FIR Mode/RC Mode) $V_{LEDA} = 3.0 \text{ V}, V_{SD} \le 0.5 \text{ V}, \text{Duty} 1/4$	23	38	57	
			(SIR Mode) $V_{LEDA} = 3.0 \text{ V}, V_{SD} \le 0.5 \text{ V}, \text{Duty3/16}$	7	19	28	
TX high level input volta	ıge	V <sub>IH(TX)</sub>		V <sub>IO</sub> - 0.5	_	V <sub>CC</sub> +0.3	V
TX low level input voltage		V <sub>IL(TX)</sub>		0 -0.3	_	0.5	V
TX pulse width (SIR) *Fig	g. 1, 8	t <sub>WT(SIR)</sub>	Bit Rate = 115.2 kbps, $V_T = 1/2 \times V_{IO}$	_	1.6	_	μs
TX pulse width (FIR) *Fig	g. 1, 8	t <sub>WT(FIR)</sub>	Bit Rate = 4.0 Mbps, $V_T = 1/2 \times V_{IO}$	_	125	_	ns
Optical pulse width (FIR1) *Fig. 1, 3		t <sub>WO(FIR1)</sub>	$V_{SD} \le 0.5 \text{ V, TXD } t_r / t_f \le 20 \text{ ns,}$ $t_W = 125 \text{ ns} \pm 1 \text{ ns, (Single pulse)}$	115	125	135	ns
Optical pulse width (FIR2) *Fig. 1, 3		t <sub>WO(FIR2)</sub>	$V_{SD} \le 0.5 \text{ V, TXD } t_r / t_f \le 20 \text{ ns,}$ $t_W = 250 \text{ ns} \pm 1 \text{ ns, (Double pulse)}$	240	250	260	ns
TX half-angle		$\theta_{\mathrm{T}}$		±15	_	_	0
Rise time *Fig. 1, 3		t <sub>r</sub>	$R_L = 50 \Omega$	_	_	40	ns
Fall time *Fig. 1, 3		$t_{\rm f}$	$R_L = 50 \Omega$		_	40	ns
TX wake up time *Fig. 5		$t_{TWU}$		200		1 000	μs
Intensity delay time *Fig. 1, 3		$I_{DT}$		_	_	200	ns
Maximum pulse width		t <sub>WLEDmax</sub>	$TXD = Low \rightarrow High$	20	50	100	μs
Overshoot		$O_S$		_		25	%

Note) \*3: Eye-Safety IEC60825-1 Class1 Eye safe

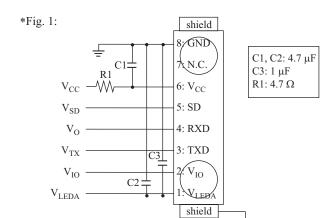
 $\blacksquare \ \, \text{Electrical-Optical Characteristics (continued)} \quad V_{LEDA} = 3.0 \ V \ \text{to} \ 4.5 \ V, V_{CC} = 2.85 \ V, V_{IO} = 1.85 \ V, T_a = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 3 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Receiver						
Minimum input irradiance *Fig. 1	E <sub>I min1</sub>	(SIR mode) Bit Rate = 115.2 kbps, $V_{SD} \le 0.5 \text{ V}$ , $\theta_T = 0^{\circ} \pm 15^{\circ}$	_		7.6	- μW/cm <sup>2</sup>
	E <sub>I min2</sub>	(FIR Mode) Bit Rate = 4.0 Mbps, $V_{SD} \le 0.5 \text{ V}$ , $\theta_T = 0^{\circ} \pm 15^{\circ}$	_		19.0	
Maximum input irradiance *Fig. 1	E <sub>I mix</sub>	$V_{SD} \le 0.5 \text{ V},  \theta_T = 0^{\circ} \pm 15^{\circ}$	500	_	_	mW/cm <sup>2</sup>
RX high level output voltage *Fig. 1	V <sub>OH(RX)</sub>	Non signal condition $E_I = 0$ $I_{OH} = -200 \ \mu A, \ V_{SD} \le 0.5 \ V$	V <sub>IO</sub> -0.3		V <sub>IO</sub>	V
RX low level output voltage *Fig. 1	V <sub>OL(RX)</sub>	$I_{OL} = 1.8 \text{ mA}, V_{SD} \le 0.5 \text{ V}$	0	_	0.5	V
RX half angle	$\theta_{R}$		±15	_	_	0
Output pulse width (SIR) *Fig. 1, 9	t <sub>WR(SIR)</sub>	$V_{SD} \le 0.5 \text{ V}, C_L = 15 \text{ pF},$ 9.6 kbps to 115.2 kbps	1.0	_	4.0	μs
Output pulse width (FIR1) *Fig. 1, 9	t <sub>WR(FIR1)</sub>	$V_{SD} \le 0.5 \text{ V}, C_L = 15 \text{ pF},$ $4 \text{ Mbps}, t_W = 125 \text{ ns}$ (Single pulse)	85	_	165	ns
Output pulse width (FIR2) *Fig. 1, 9	t <sub>WR(FIR2)</sub>	$V_{SD} \le 0.5 \text{ V}, C_L = 15 \text{ pF},$ $4 \text{ Mbps}, t_W = 250 \text{ ns}$ (Double pulse)	195		290	ns
RX wake up time *Fig. 1, 6	t <sub>Rwu</sub>	$V_{SD} \le 0.5 \text{ V}, E_I = 19.0 \ \mu\text{W/cm}^2$	_	100	200	μs
Receiver latency time *Fig. 1, 7	$t_{\rm L}$	$V_{SD} \le 0.5 \text{ V}, E_I = 19.0 \ \mu\text{W/cm}^2$	_	100	200	μs
Rise time *Fig. 1, 9	t <sub>r</sub>	$V_{SD} \le 0.5 \text{ V}, C_L = 15 \text{ pF}$	_	10	_	ns
Fall time *Fig. 1, 9	$t_{\rm f}$	$V_{SD} \le 0.5 \text{ V}, C_L = 15 \text{ pF}$	_	10	_	ns

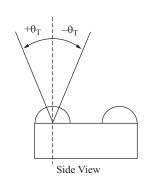
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### ■ Electrical-Optical Characteristics (continued)

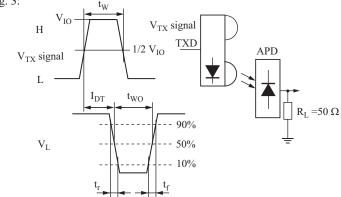
Note) Measurement circuit



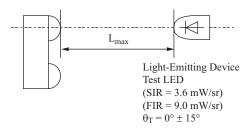
\*Fig. 2:



\*Fig. 3:

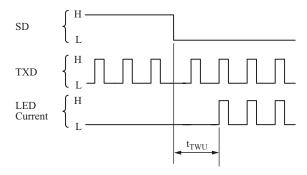


\*Fig. 4:

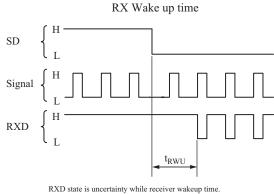


\*Fig. 5:

TX Wake up time



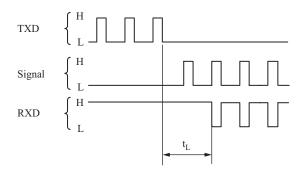
\*Fig. 6:



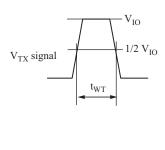
(RXD dose assert for an instant after SD negate.)

\*Fig. 7:

Receiver latency time



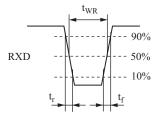
\*Fig. 8:



### ■ Electrical-Optical Characteristics (continued)

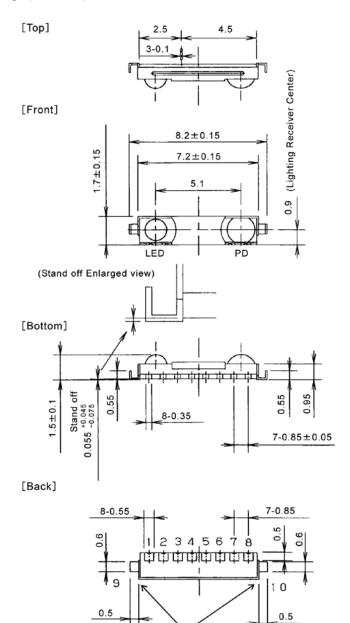
Note) Measurement circuit (continued)

\*Fig. 9:



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### ■ Package (Unit: mm)



Shield GND

### • Pin name

- $1. V_{LEDA}$
- $2.\ V_{IO} \qquad \qquad 7.\ \ N.C.$
- 3. TXD 8. GND
- 4. RXD 9. Shield GND

 $6.\ V_{CC}$ 

5. SD 10. Shield GND

Ver. AEK 7

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