

#### DESCRIPTION

- Round Type
- 5mm Diameter
- Lens Color: Water Clear
- With Flange
- Solder leads without standoff

#### **FEATURES**

- Epoxy Resin
- Ag Plating on SPCC lead frame
- Emitted Color: Red
- Technology: AllnGaP/Si
- Peak Wavelength  $\lambda p = 635$ nm
- Viewing Angle: 15°



Notes:

- 1. All dimensions are in millimeters.
- 2. Lead spacing is measured where the lead emerges from the package.

Dort Number Motorial		Lens Color		
Part Number	Material	Emitted	Lens	
L513LEC-15D	AllnGaP/Si	Red	Water Clear	

Version 1.1 Date: 04-22-2014 Specifications are subject to change without notice. American Opto Plus LED Corp. 1206 E. Lexington Ave., Pomona CA 91766 Tel: 909-465-0080 Fax: 909-465-0130 www.aopled.com



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS			(Ta=25°C)
Parameter	Symbol	Ratings	Unit
DC Forward Current	I <sub>F</sub>	50	mA
Peak Pulsed Forward Current*	I <sub>FP</sub>	100	mA
Reverse Voltage	V <sub>R</sub>	5	V
Power Dissipation	PD	120	mW
Operating Temperature	T <sub>OPR</sub>	-30~+85	°C
Storage Temperature	T <sub>STG</sub>	-40~+100	٥C
Soldering Temperature	T <sub>SOL</sub>	Max 260°C for 5 sec	

\*I<sub>FP</sub> = Pulse Width  $\leq$  10 ms, Duty Ratio  $\leq$  1/10

## **OPTICAL-ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

(Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Reverse Current	I <sub>R</sub>	V <sub>R</sub> =5V			50	μA
Forward Voltage	V <sub>F</sub>			2.1	2.4	V
Luminous Intensity	I <sub>V</sub>		4200	7200		mcd
Peak Wavelength	$\lambda_{P}$			632		nm
Dominant Wavelength	$\lambda_{D}$	I <sub>F</sub> =20mA	615	625	635	nm
Spectral Radiation Bandwidth	Δλ1⁄2			15		nm
Viewing Angle	201⁄2			15		Deg



#### LUMINOUS INTENSITY BIN TABLE

IF=20mA		
Rank name	Min (mcd)	Max (mcd)
V	4200	5500
W	5500	7200
X	7200	9300
Y	9300	12000

Tolerance for each bin limit is  $\pm 15\%$ 

#### **COLOR BIN TABLE**

#### IF=20mA

Rank name	Min (nm)	Max (nm)
1	615	620
2	620	625
3	625	630
4	630	635

Tolerance for each bin limit is ±1nm

Notes:

- 1. One delivery will include several color ranks and lv ranks of products. The quantity-ratio of the different rank is decided by AOP.
- 2. Bin name typed on label: Iv rank + Color rank. For example: BIN V2 means IV: 4200mcd~5500mcd and COLOR: 620nm~625nm



## **TYPICAL ELECTRO-OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES**

Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage



Relative Intensity vs. Forward Current



Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature

Relative Intensity vs. Wavelength





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# American Opto Plus LED Corp. L513LEC-15D

#### **5MM RED LED LAMP**

### **RECOMMENDED SOLDERING CONDITIONS**

- Solder the LED no closer than 3mm from the base of the epoxy bulb. Soldering beyond the base of the tie bar is recommended.
- Recommended soldering conditions:

Dip Soldering			
Pre-Heat	100ºC Max.		
Pre-Heat Time	60 sec. Max.		
Solder Bath Temperature	260°C Max.		
Dipping Time	5 sec. Max.		
Dipping Position	No lower than 3mm from the base of the epoxy bulb.		

Hand Soldering			
	Current Series	Others (Including Lead-Free Solder)	
Temperature	300 °C Max.	350 ºC Max.	
Soldering time	3 sec. Max.	3 sec. Max.	
Position	No closer than 3mm from	No closer than 3mm from	
	the base of the epoxy bulb.	the base of the epoxy bulb.	

- Do not apply any stress to the lead, particularly when heated.
- The LEDs must not be repositioned after soldering.
- After soldering the LEDs, the epoxy bulb should be protected from mechanical shock or vibration until the LEDs return to room temperature.
- Direct soldering onto a PC board should be avoided. Mechanical stress to the resin may be caused by the PC board warping or from the clinching and cutting of the lead frames. When it is absolutely necessary, the LEDs may be mounted in this fashion, but, the User will assume responsibility for any problems. Direct soldering should only be done after testing has confirmed that no damage, such as wire bond failure or resin deterioration, will occur. LEDs should not be soldered directly to double sided PC boards because the heat will deteriorate the epoxy resin.
- When it is necessary to clamp the LEDs to prevent soldering failure, it is important to minimize the mechanical stress on the LEDs.
- Cut the LED lead frames at room temperature. Cutting the lead frames at high temperatures may cause LED failure.